

Indicate which group member is taking on which of the following four roles. You will switch roles on the next recitation day.

Reader: Reads the problem to the group and makes sure everyone understands. Reader's name: _____

Spokesperson: presents the work and asks questions to the TA. Spokesperson's name: _____

Recorder: writes everyone's names and the group's work on the worksheet. Recorder's name: _____

Timekeeper: keeps track of time. Timekeeper's name: _____

1. Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + 8$. Find the Average Rate of Change from $x = 1$ to $x = 3$. Simplify your answer.

$$f_{\text{AROC}, [a, b]} = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$

$$\rightarrow f_{\text{AROC}, [1, 3]} = \frac{f(3) - f(1)}{3 - 1} = \frac{26 - 10}{2} = \frac{16}{2} = \boxed{8}$$

$$f(3) = 2 \cdot 3^2 + 8 = 2 \cdot 9 + 8 = 18 + 8 = 26$$

$$f(1) = 2 \cdot 1^2 + 8 = 2 + 8 = 10$$

2. Suppose $f(x) = x^2 - 2$. What is the average rate of change of $f(x)$ on $[1, 1 + h]$?

$$\begin{aligned} f_{\text{AROC}, [1, 1+h]} &= \frac{f(1+h) - f(1)}{(1+h) - 1} = \frac{(h^2 + 2h - 1) - (-1)}{h} \\ &= \frac{h^2 + 2h}{h} = \frac{h(h+2)}{h} = \boxed{h+2} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(1+h) = (1+h)^2 - 2 = (1 + 2h + h^2) - 2 = h^2 + 2h - 1$$

$$f(1) = 1^2 - 2 = -1$$

3. Let $f(x) = 7x^2 + 4x - 18$. Find the average rate of change on the interval $[a, a + h]$ and simplify.

$$f_{\text{AROC}}, [a, a+h] = \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{(a+h) - a} = \frac{h(14a + 7h + 4)}{h} = \boxed{14a + 7h + 4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(a+h) &= 7(a+h)^2 + 4(a+h) - 18 \\ &= 7(a^2 + 2ah + h^2) + 4(a+h) - 18 \\ &= 7a^2 + 14ah + 7h^2 + 4a + 4h - 18 \end{aligned}$$

$$f(a) = 7a^2 + 4a - 18$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow f(a+h) - f(a) &= (\cancel{7a^2} + 14ah + 7h^2 + \cancel{4a} + 4h - \cancel{18}) \\ &\quad - (\cancel{7a^2} + \cancel{4a} - \cancel{18}) = 14ah + 7h^2 + 4h \end{aligned}$$

4. Find the equation of the line passing through the points $(3, -2)$ and $(1, 4)$.

Line equation: $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$ (1) OR

$$y = mx + b \quad (2)$$

\uparrow \uparrow
 slope y -intercept

Using (1) with $y_2 = 4$, $y_1 = -2$ and $x_2 = 1$, $x_1 = 3$,

$$y_2 - y_1 = 4 - (-2) = m(x_2 - x_1) = m \cdot (1 - 3)$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{4 - (-2)}{1 - 3} = \frac{6}{-2} = -3 \quad (\text{slope})$$

Substituting "m" and one of given points, say $(3, -2)$ into

$$(2): -2 = -3 \cdot 3 + b \Rightarrow b = 9 - 2 = 7 \Rightarrow \boxed{y = -3x + 7}$$

